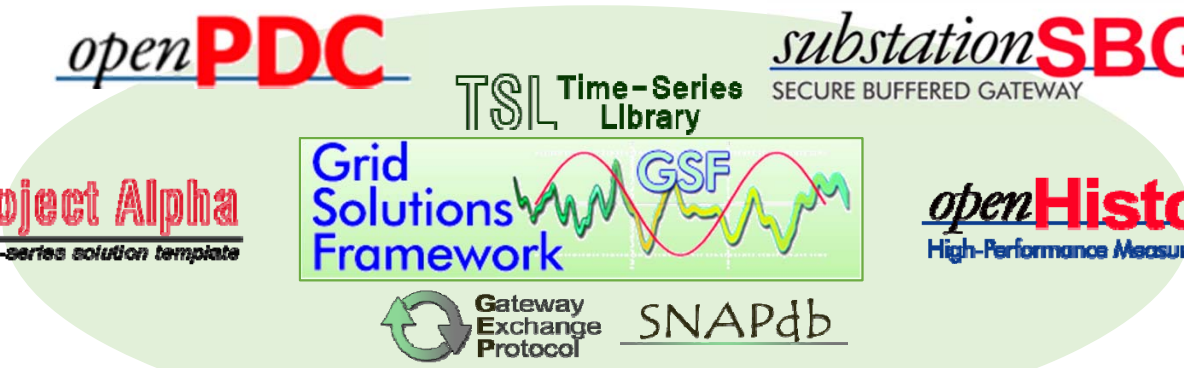

Synchrophasor Project Updates



*open***PDC**

*substation***SBG**
SECURE BUFFERED GATEWAY

TSL Time-Series Library

TSL Project Alpha
a complete time-series solution template

Grid Solutions Framework

GSF

*open***Historian 2**
High-Performance Measurement Archive

Gateway Exchange Protocol

SNAPdb

SIEGate

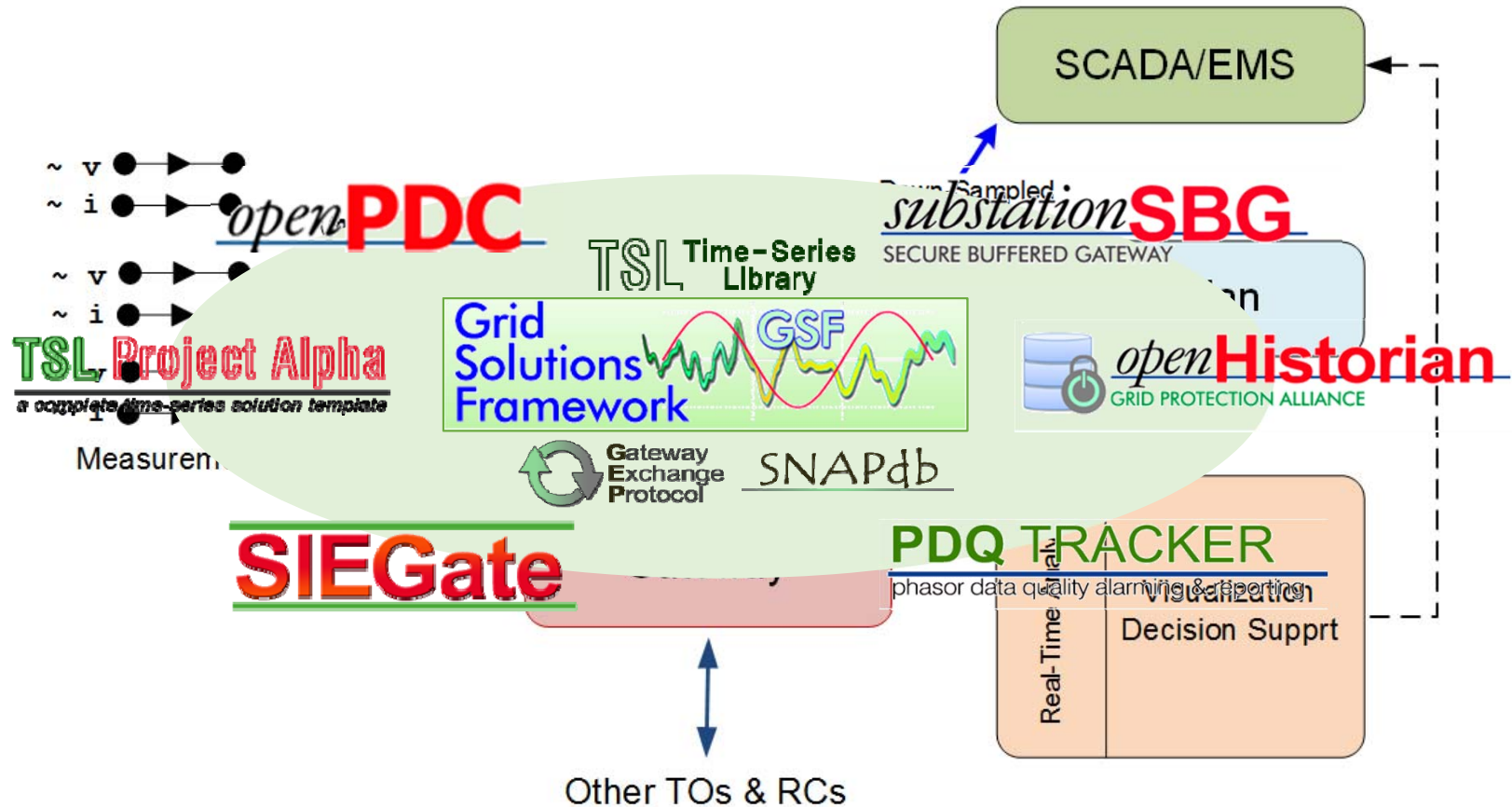
PDQ TRACKER
phasor data quality alarming & reporting

GPA User's Forum 2015

Atlanta, Georgia

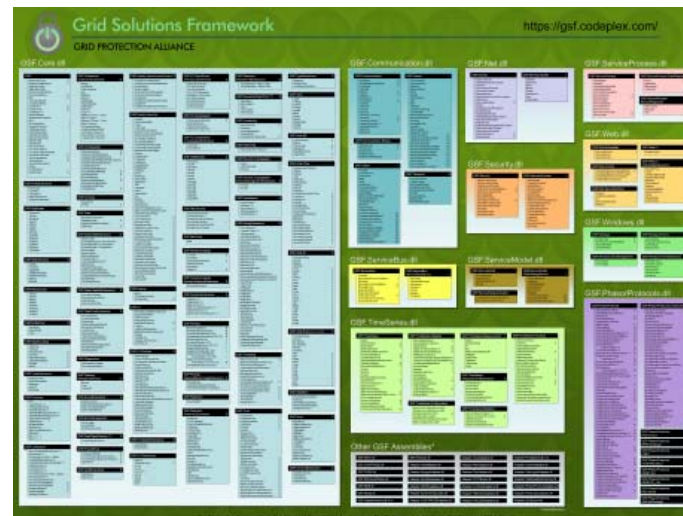
Typical Synchrophasor Data Architecture

Grid Protection Alliance Solutions



GSF

Grid Solutions Framework

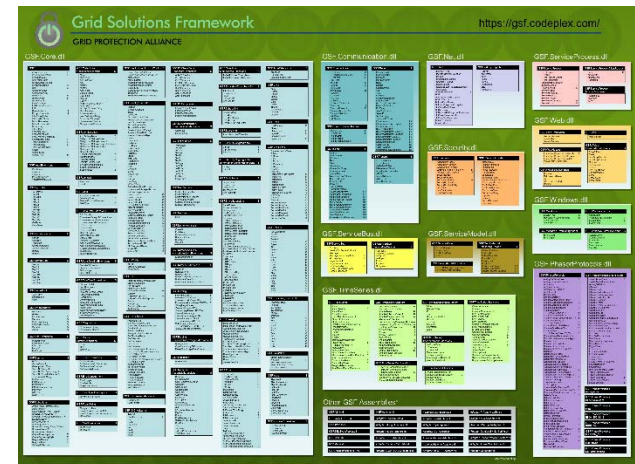


<http://gsf.codeplex.com/>

Grid Solutions Framework v2.1.90

- The Grid Solutions Framework (GSF) is a comprehensive collection of classes and methods useful for any .NET project.
- GSF is the foundational code library for **all** GPA products. It includes hundreds of class libraries that extend or expand the functionality included in the .NET Framework.
- GSF has around a half-million lines of actual code and 148,000 lines of comments spanning more than 40 assemblies - reference the online documentation for complete class details:

<http://www.gridprotectionalliance.org/NightlyBuilds/GridSolutionsFramework/Help/>



Download GSF from:

<http://gsf.codeplex.com/>

– or –



<http://www.nuget.org/>

GEP

Gateway Exchange Protocol



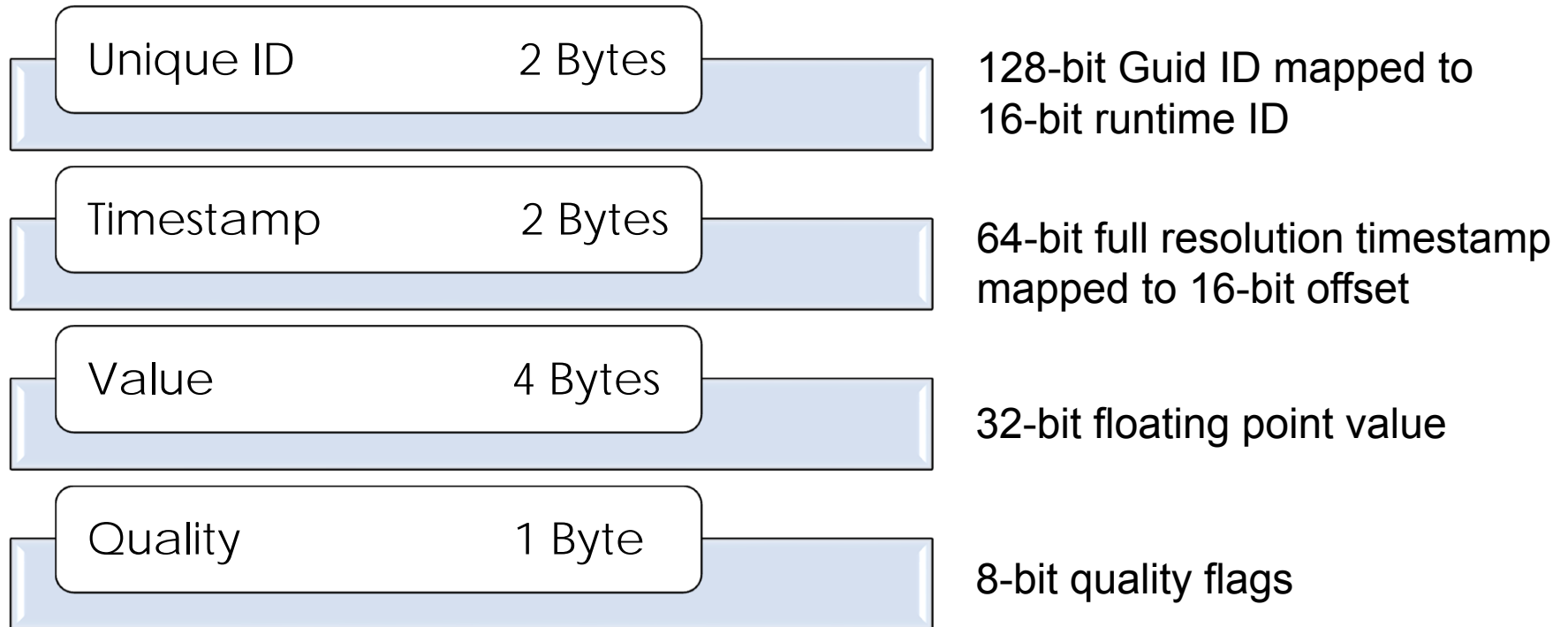
<http://gsf.codeplex.com/>

GEP Features

- Open and non-proprietary
- True pub/sub, measurement-based protocol
- Automated exchange of authorized metadata
- Tightly-compressed, binary serialization of time-series values
 - ID, time-stamp, value, flags
- Adapters provided in .NET, C/C++ and Java for convenient native integration in other systems
- Available transports include TLS, TCP, TCP with UDP, TLS with AES key-rotated UDP, or ZeroMQ
- Lossless compression is also supported.

Typical GEP Payload Structure*

Serialized Measurement Structure – 9 Bytes:



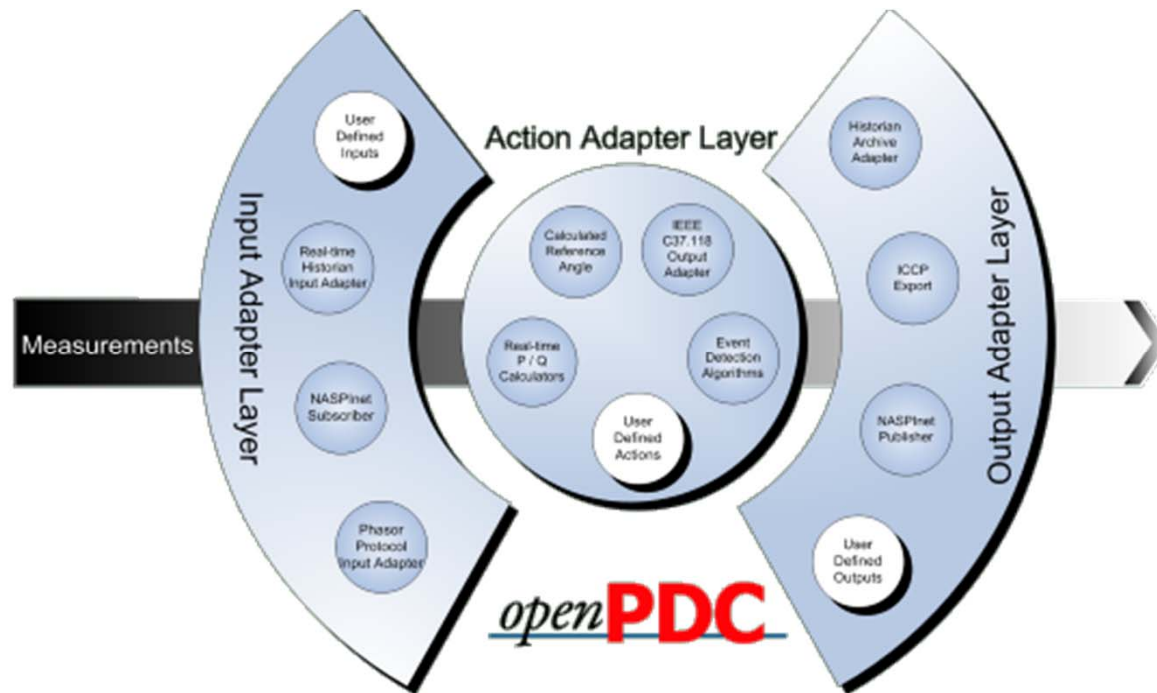
Several serialized measurements are grouped together to create a message payload. Total size is adjusted to reduce fragmentation.

What's Coming for GEP

- Looking to bring technology to wider industry adoption through *standardization*
- New openECA development will bring architectural improvements to GEP by allowing new versions to accommodate robust data schemes, e.g., the Phasor Value Collection, through implementation of a generic key/value pair meta-data definition and transport

openPDC

Open Phasor Data Concentrator



<http://openpdc.codeplex.com/>

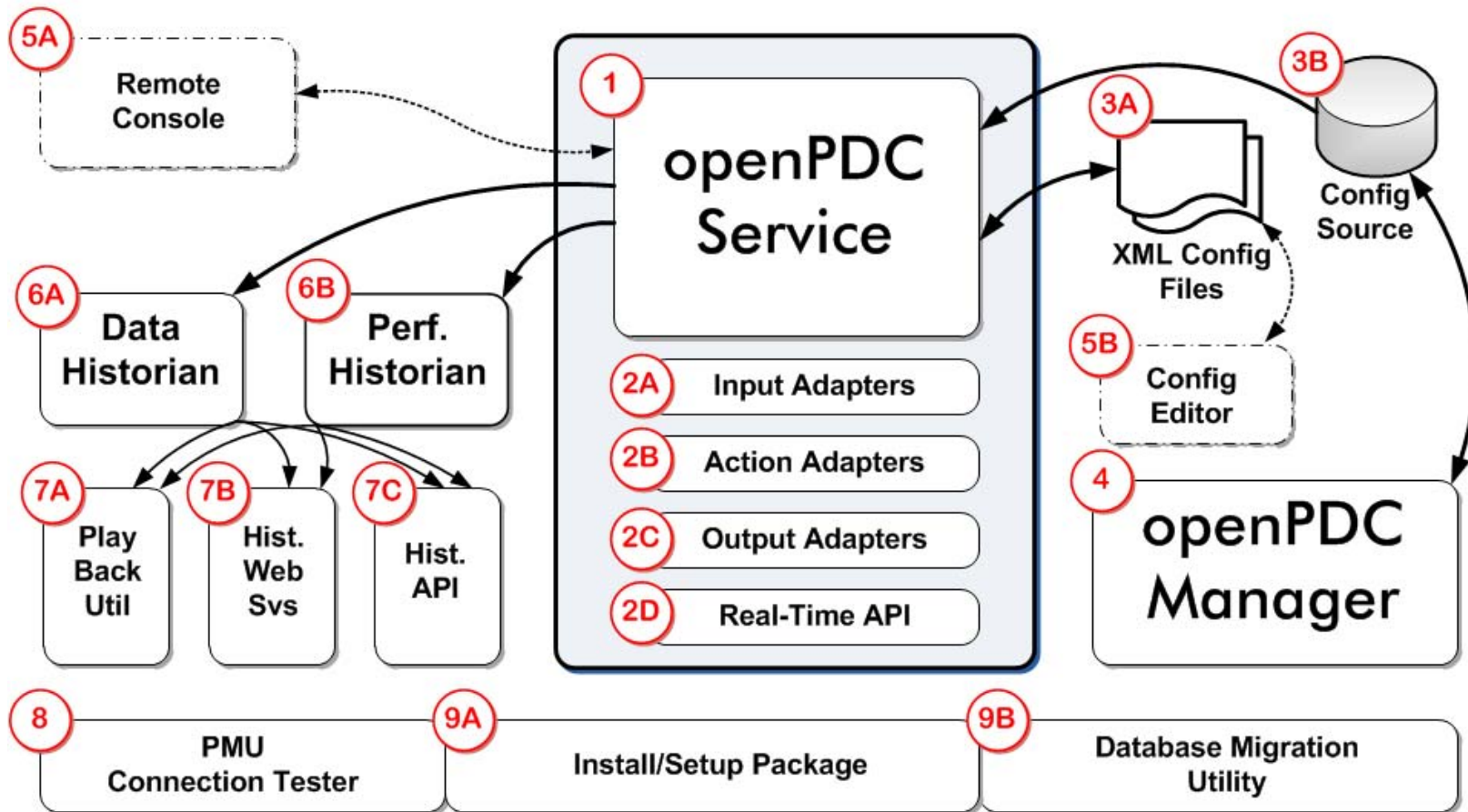
openPDC Features

- Supports all phasor input protocols
- Independently handles real-time and data archival functions
- Incorporates pre-emptive, time-aligned data publication
- Automated data availability reporting
- Can alarm on phasor magnitudes and/or angles
- All instances can be configured through a single application on an administrator's workstation

openPDC Features

- Future-proof adapter-based architecture
- Proven high-performance that scales with hardware
- Runs on multiple platforms and integrates with multiple configuration database types
- Includes a data and performance historian
- Output adapters included for the openHistorian, OSI-PI Historian and Hadoop
- The openPDC remains on a steep improvement curve

openPDC Components



Version 2.1 Improvements

- Automated data gap recovery
- Improved the “add new device” wizard
- Supports Linux / Apple OSX deployments
- Native OSI-PI adapter optimization with custom tag naming
- Plus more than 30 other enhancements and bug fixes

Released February 2015

Version 2.1 Service Pack 1

- Enhancements
 - Change of installer license to MIT
 - Support for GEP using ZeroMQ
 - Improved alarm configuration
 - DQ Report replaced by separate “data completeness” and “data correctness” reports
 - Improved configuration for data gap filling in clustered deployments

... *as well as about 10 other significant enhancements*

Version 2.1 Service Pack 1

- Issue Resolution
 - Slow memory leak when leaving the openPDC Manager running and connected
 - OSI PI Adapter Fixes
 - Better memory management for GEP after periods of stress
 - TLS disconnection of unauthenticated clients
 - *and about 10 other major fixes.*

<http://openpdc.codeplex.com/releases/>

Planned openPDC Improvements

- Version 2.2 (March 2016)
 - openHistorian 2.0 Support
 - C37.118.2 Protocol Production Tested
 - UI Improvements (e.g., alarm configuration)
- Version 3.0 Release Candidate (Fall 2016)
 - Restructuring of TSL / synchronization engine
 - Routing and management of abstract objects
 - Support for the openECA analytics interface

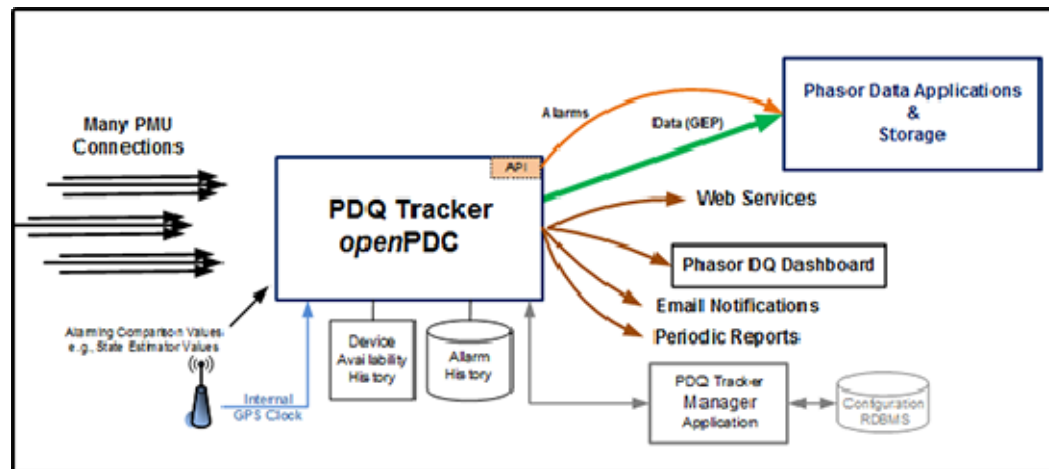
PDQTracker

Phasor Data Quality Tracker



PDQ TRACKER

phasor data quality alarming & reporting



<http://pdqtracker.codeplex.com/>

Phasor Data Quality Needs Attention

- Data quality assurance is becoming increasingly important for successful integration of synchrophasor data into utility operations.
 - Device (PMU) availability
 - Time quality issues
 - Value quality issues
- Alarms are needed to alert real-time analytics and operators of bad or missing phasor data.
- Reports are needed to support businesses processes to improve data availability and data quality

Phasor Data Quality Tracker

- An open source project jointly funded by Dominion and PeakRC's new synchrophasor project
- Alpha Version now available which includes core functionality and two data quality reports
- Final beta version with increased functionality planned for release Spring 2015

PDQTracker Features

- Designed to raise alarms, track states, store statistics, and generate reports on both the availability and accuracy of streaming synchrophasor data.
- Will work with any vendor's PDC and synchrophasor data infrastructure
- Automatically produces periodic reports on phasor data completeness and correctness

High Level Features

- Focus is on the two major dimensions of quality
 - Data Completeness (Availability)
 - Data Correctness (Accuracy)
- Stand alone product for use within any synchrophasor data architecture
- Outputs to support:
 - Business processes for correcting / improving data quality
 - Integration with applications to flag incorrect data

Data Quality Tests

Completeness

- Bad CRC
- Out-of-Order Frames
- Missing Frames

Correctness

- Time
 - Reasonableness
 - Latency
- Values
 - Reasonableness
 - Latched Value
 - Comparison Tolerance

PDQ Tracker maintains statistics on data completeness

PDQ Tracker raises alarms to flag incorrect data

PDQTracker Example Report

PDQTracker Correctness Report

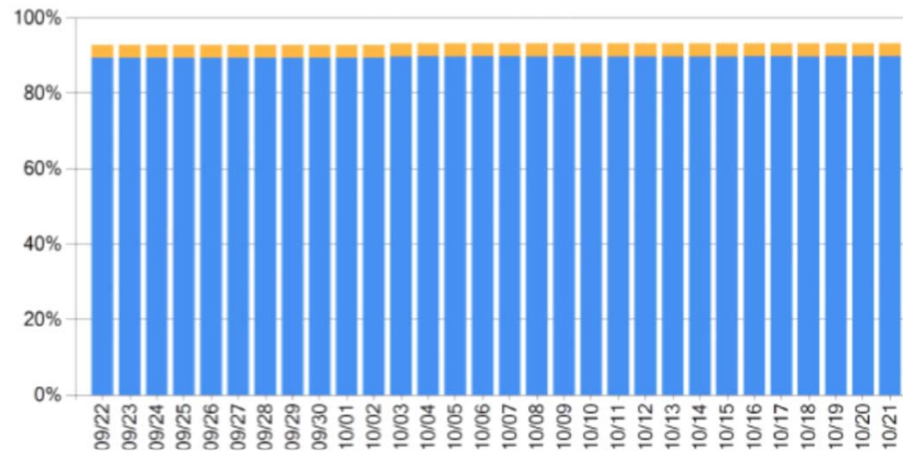
Grid Protection Alliance

Tuesday, October 21, 2014

5-day Correctness Summary

	10/17	10/18	10/19	10/20	10/21
Good	89.91%	89.88%	89.90%	89.89%	89.90%
Latched	1.84%	1.84%	1.84%	1.84%	1.83%
Unreasonable	1.57%	1.57%	1.57%	1.57%	1.57%

30-day Correctness Overview



Beta Version Available

<http://www.PDQTracker.com/>

The screenshot displays the PDQTracker Manager web application. The interface includes a navigation menu with options: Home, Inputs, Outputs, Actions, Metadata, Monitoring, Reporting, and System. The main content area is divided into several sections:

- Quick Links:** A vertical list of buttons for Graph Measurements, Stream Statistics, Input Device Wizard, Browse Input Devices, Concentrator Output Streams, Remote System Console, and Restart Service.
- Completeness:** A section titled "2-Day Completeness Report" showing data for 10/22 and 10/23. The data is as follows:

	10/22	10/23
L4: Good	21	24
L3: Fair	73	70
L2: Poor	5	5
L1: Offline	0	0
L0: Failed	0	0
Total	99	99
- Current Configuration:** A table of system details:

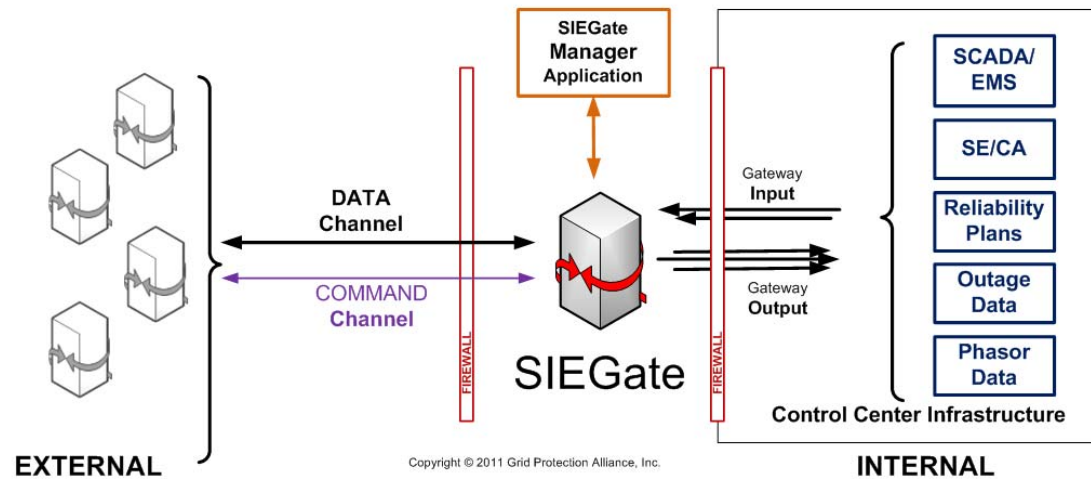
Instance Type	64-bit
Server Time	2014-10-23 01:13:07.047
Local Time	2014-10-23 01:13:07.046
Current User	swills-PC\swills
Version Information	
Server	2.0.167.0
Manager	2.0.167.0
Database Information	
Type	SQLServer
Name	PDQTracker
- Correctness:** A section titled "2-Day Correctness Report" showing data for 10/22 and 10/23. The data is as follows:

	10/22	10/23
Good	89.89%	89.90%
Latched	1.84%	1.83%
Unreasonable	1.57%	1.57%

SIEGate

Secure Information Exchange Gateway

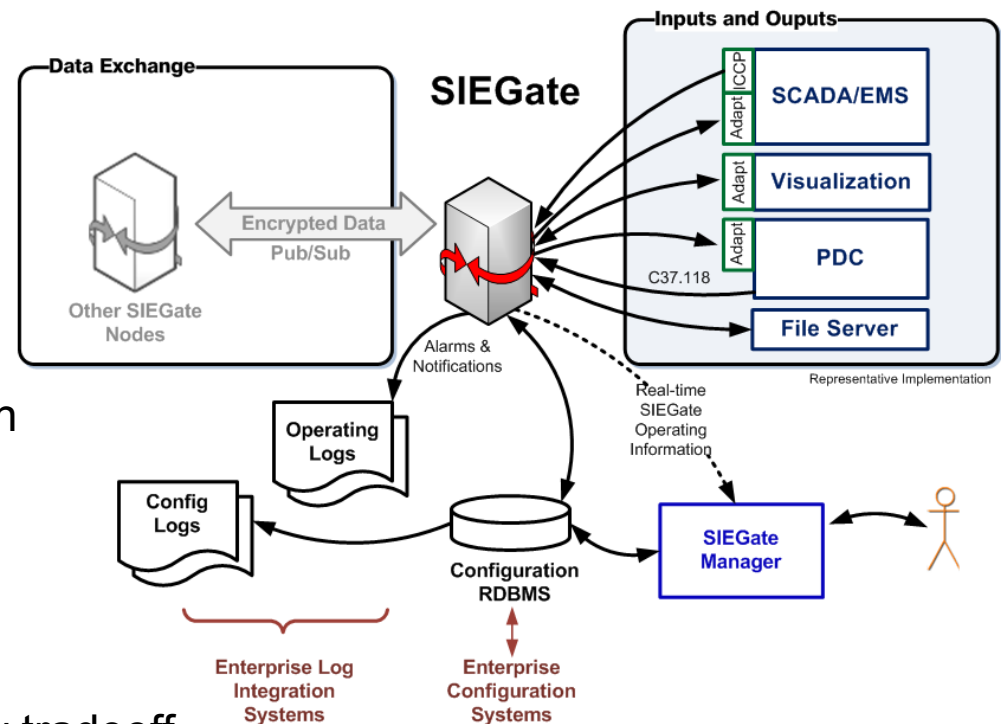
SIEGate



<http://siegate.codeplex.com/>

Technical Design Challenges

- Performance given system complexity
 - Support multiple data types efficiently and securely
 - Support multiple priorities
 - Minimize latency and maximize throughput
- High availability assurance
 - Horizontal and vertical scalability
 - SIEGate stability and reliability
 - Graceful performance degradation
- Security assurance
 - Maximize security performance
 - Minimize security breach impact
 - Configurable security levels
 - Security versus simplicity/usability tradeoff



SIEGate Protocol Requirements

- Highly Performant

- Really fast
- Really efficient

The Solution:



- Scale to millions of points per second in a single stream
- Leverage common IP transmission unit size to reduce datagram fragmentation
- Non-fixed payload contents, i.e., points in one packet can be different than the next

SIEGate Implementation

- Security-centric appliance designed to reliably exchange the information necessary to support real-time control room operations. SIEGate can exchange measurement data (ID, time, value, quality), alarm and notification data as well as batch or file-based data.
- Based on pub/sub technology that exchanges data among devices (such as other SIEGate nodes) using GPA's Gateway Exchange Protocol.
- GEP avoids being encumbered by IEEE C37.118 frame size issues and limitations. Single instance on common hardware can exchange around five million measurements points per second.

SIEGate v1.1 Release

<http://siegate.codeplex.com/releases/>

- Usability enhancements
- Updates and fixes included with service pack 1 of the openPDC
- Bug fixes since 1.0 version
- Includes “No Internet Fix Utility” to speed TLS connections when no Internet connection is available (common for SIEGate deployments)

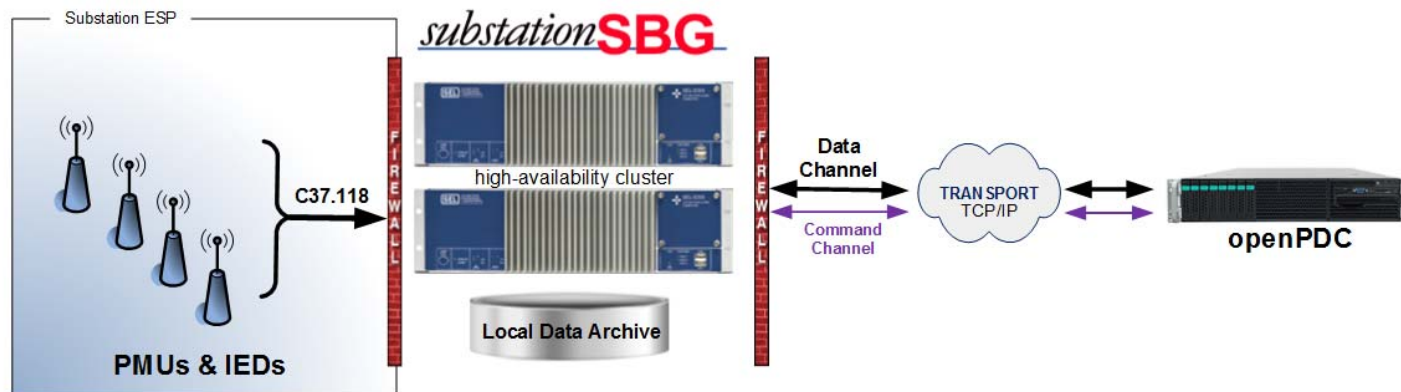
Deployments In Progress

- Southern Company
- Entergy
- OG&E
- MISO
- Dominion
- Duke
- PeakRC (2016 for testing and validation)

substationSBG

Substation Secure Buffered Gateway

*substation***SBG**
SECURE BUFFERED GATEWAY



<http://substationsbg.codeplex.com/>

Feature Set at Conception

- ✓ • Many local inputs
- ✓ • Ability to capture DQ stats at the substation level
- ✓ • Configuration optimized for substation use
- ✓ • Automated GAP filling
- ✓ • The security of SIEGate

Envisioned features have been implemented and deployed

FEATURES

Inputs

Comprehensive phasor input protocol support including IEEE C37.118, IEEE 1344, IEC 61850-90, Macrodyne, SEL Fast Message and F-Net protocols. A growing library of other substation protocols is supported including DNP3.

Security

The *substationSBG* can be configured so that gateway-to-gateway communications can be initiated only from the higher security zone (typically the control center) and it is designed for deployment on dual-NIC'ed hardware so that it can be a boundary appliance to form an ESP.

All communications between gateways is encrypted using industry-best Transport Layer Security.

Data Quality Monitoring

Performance statistics are logged every 10 seconds and include latency, availability, data quality, and time errors as well statistics on gateway input and output streams. Data quality alarms can be embedded in real-time gateway output streams.

Fully Automated Gap Filling

All data that moves through the *substationSBG* is persisted locally in a short-term rolling archive. After a communications outage between the substation and control center, data archived locally during the outage can be transmitted (at lower priority than real-time data) back to the control central to ensure that the central archive-of-record is complete.

Local Data Re-Formatting

All input sources can be converted into multiple standard phasor outputs for use in the substation. Down-sampling is supported.

Setup and Configuration

Setup is optimized and simplified for use in highly proceduralized substation settings — including simplification of processes to establish secure connections.

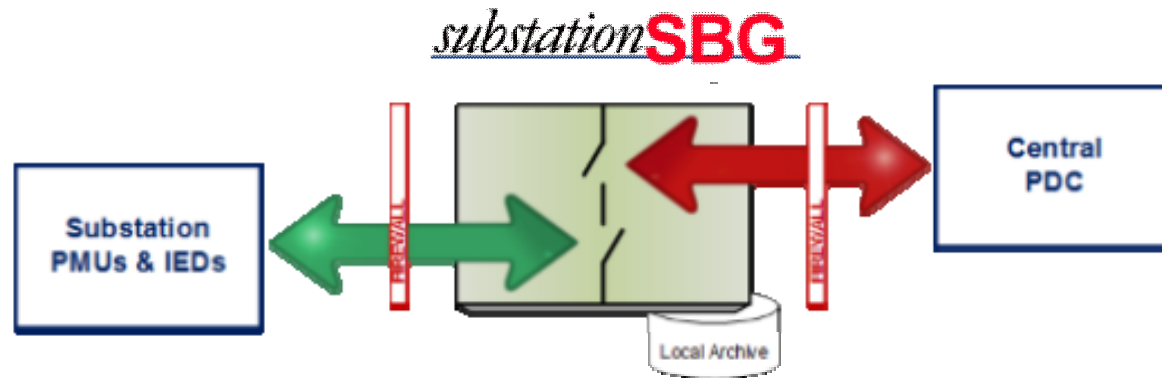
The *substationSBG* provides comprehensive logging services to improve security and meet regulatory compliance requirements.

Setup can be pre-configured and secured without the ability for local modification.

substationSBG Components

- Windows Core Service – Installed on each SEL 3355 with the cluster and runs automatically when the system starts – if service fails, will fail over to other machine
- Performance Historian – Installed on each SEL 3355 in the cluster and synchronized for statistics data generated by the substationSBG
- Phasor Data Historian – Installed on each SEL 3355 in the cluster and synchronized which becomes the local rolling buffer archive
- substationSBG Manager – GUI based management application installed locally on the SEL 3355
- Remote Console – Console based administrative diagnostics tool installed on the administrator's workstation – provides feedback from Windows Core Service

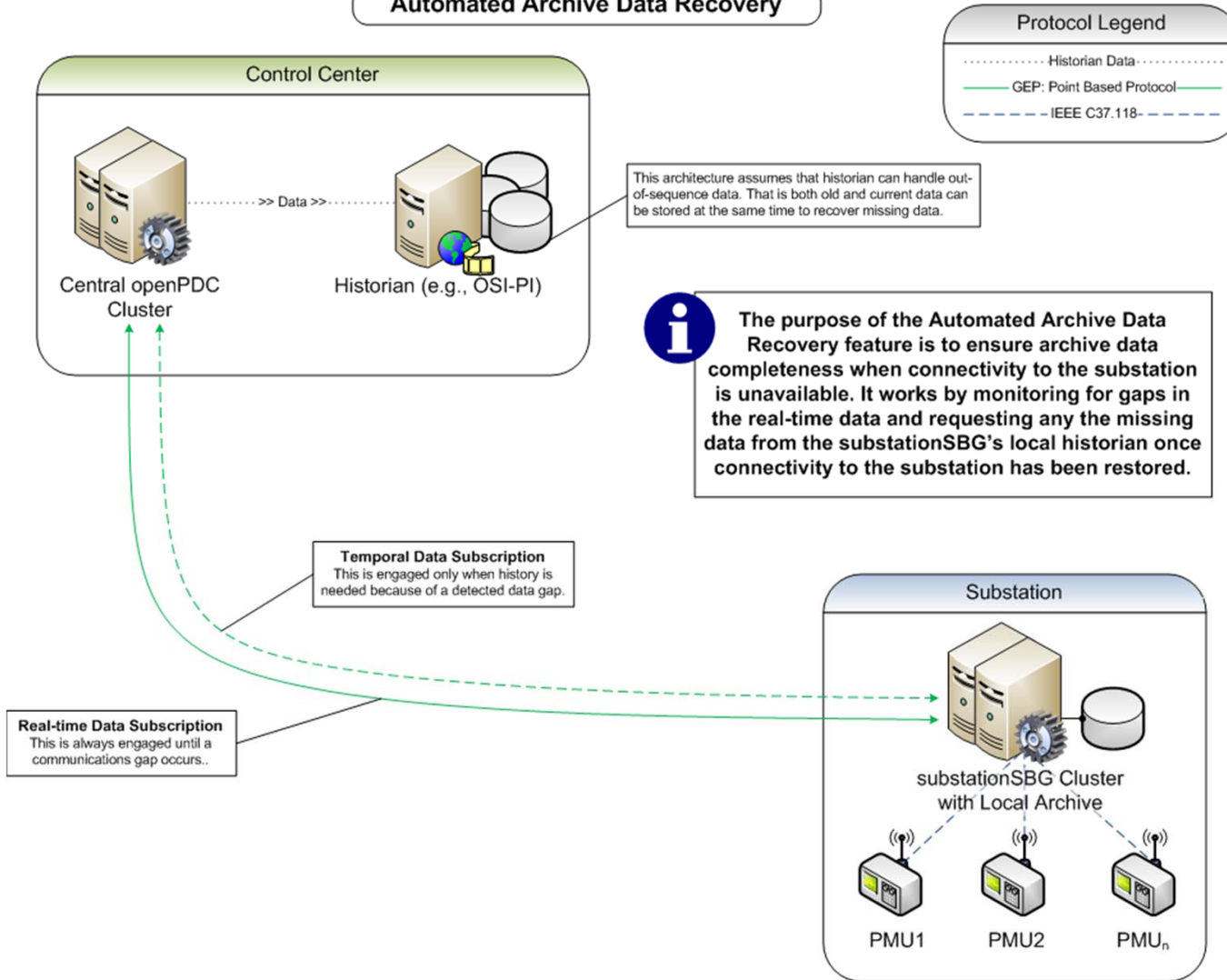
substationSBG Data Gap Recovery



- The primary purpose of this feature is to recover data lost during communications interruptions:
 - The substationSBG archives data locally for a configurable period – the default is 45 days (not to exceed 80% of available hard drive size).
 - The central PDC keeps track of communications gaps (either from individual substationSBG's or from central PDC failure) and requests data from the substationSBG that is missing – and then pushes this data into the long-term archive.

substationSBG

Automated Archive Data Recovery



substationSBG

The screenshot displays the 'substationSBG Manager' application window. The interface includes a navigation menu with 'Home', 'Devices', 'Monitoring', and 'Advanced'. The main content area is titled 'System Overview' and features a 'Quick Links' sidebar with buttons for 'Add New Device', 'Browse Devices', 'View Device Outputs', 'Graph Measurements', and 'Stream Statistics'. A central graph shows a fluctuating line representing data for 'PMU.001' and '_PMU.001:F'. Below the graph, the 'Current Configuration' section lists details such as Instance Type (64-bit), Server Time (2015-08-05 09:23:08.256), Local Time (2015-08-05 09:23:08.255), Current User (RITCHIE-LAPTOP\Ritchie), Version Information (Server 0.6.9.0, Manager 0.6.4.0), and Database Information (Type: SQLServer, Name: substationSBG). The 'System Health' section provides a table of performance counters.

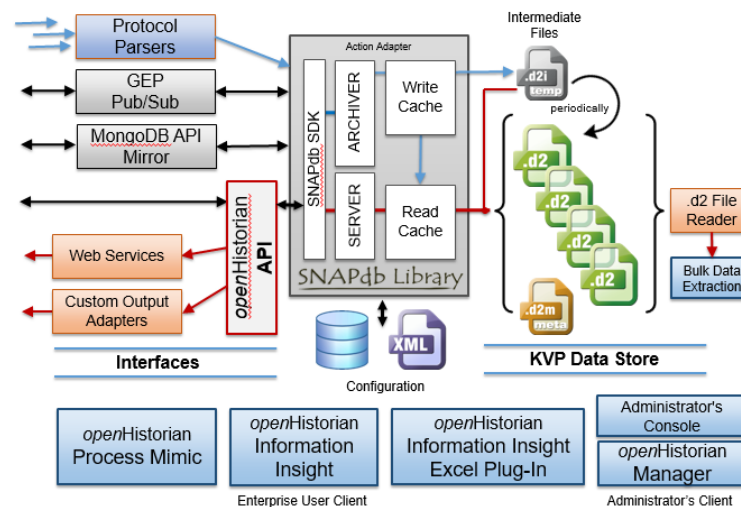
Counter	Last	Average	Maximum	Units
CPU Utilization	1.48	2.64	9.53	Average % / CPU
I/O Data Rate	26.46	70.89	403.38	Kilobytes / sec
I/O Activity Rate	1772.64	988.14	1800.81	Operations / sec
Process Handle Count	1203.00	1167.85	1247.00	Total Handles
Process Thread Count	49.00	46.46	50.00	System Threads
Worker Threads	1.00	2.00	3.00	Active in Pool
I/O Port Threads	0.00	0.54	2.00	Active in Pool
Process Memory Usage	159.94	150.09	179.29	Megabytes
IPv4 Outgoing Rate	1.20	3.07	6.58	Datagrams / sec
IPv4 Incoming Rate	0.00	0.80	2.00	Datagrams / sec
IPv6 Outgoing Rate	3.00	4.75	22.15	Datagrams / sec
IPv6 Incoming Rate	1.60	3.43	8.97	Datagrams / sec

Statistics calculated using last 120 counter values sampled every 5.0 seconds.

openHistorian

Open Source Time-series Data Historian

*open*Historian 2 High-Performance Measurement Archive

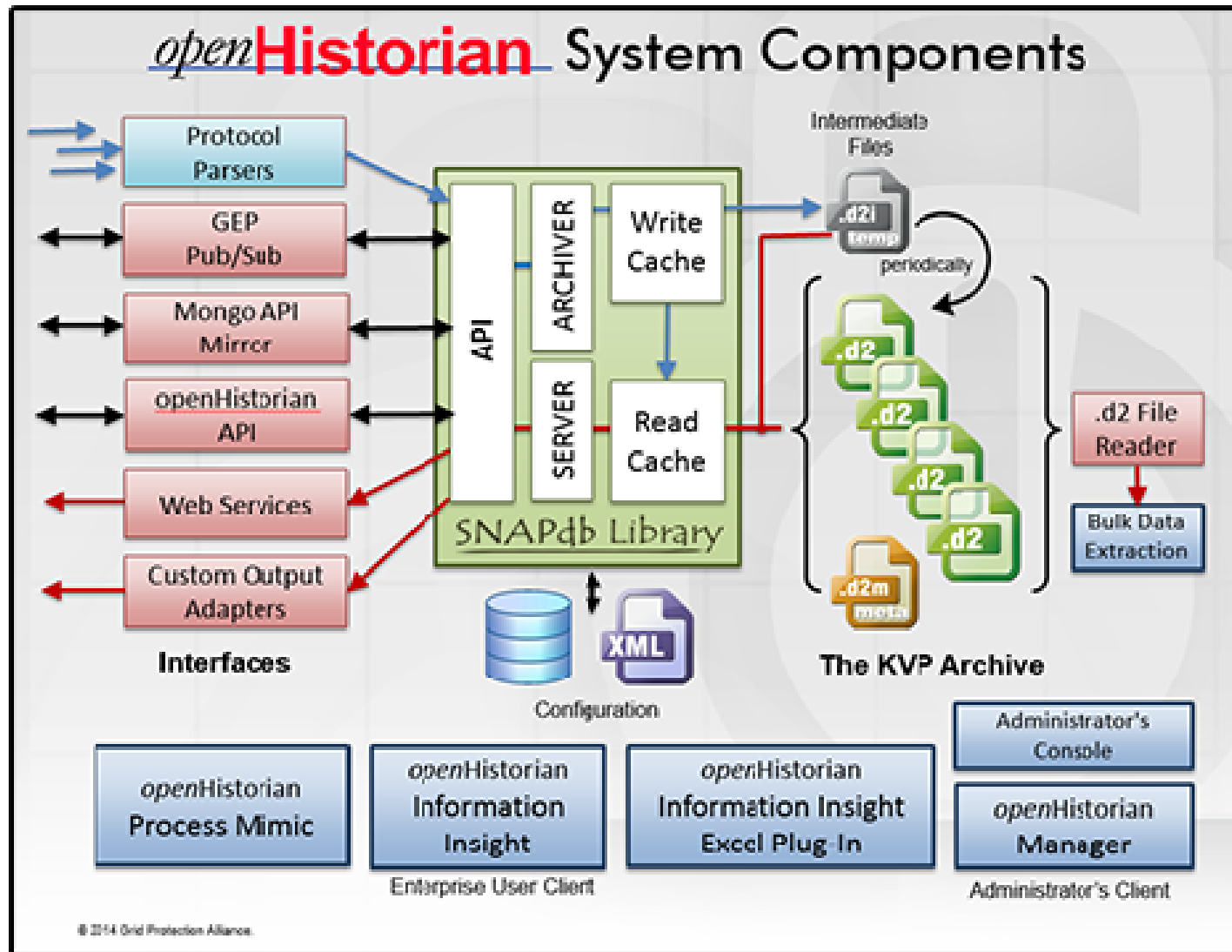


<http://openhistorian.codeplex.com/>

openHistorian

- The openHistorian 2.0 has been optimized for:
 - Assurance of archived data integrity / continuity
 - Broad data source connectivity
 - High performance data capture & retrieval
 - Efficient, high-volume data storage
 - High availability
- Early beta has been released which focuses on synchrophasor deployments

openHistorian



openHistorian Data Read API

// Example:

```
var enumerator = GetHistorianData("127.0.0.1", "PPA",  
DateTime.UtcNow.AddMinutes(-1.0D), DateTime.UtcNow)
```

// API:

```
IEnumerable<HistorianMeasurement> GetHistorianData(  
    string historianServer,  
    string instanceName,  
    DateTime startTime,  
    DateTime stopTime,  
    string measurementIDs = null)
```


openHistorian Data Write API

// Example:

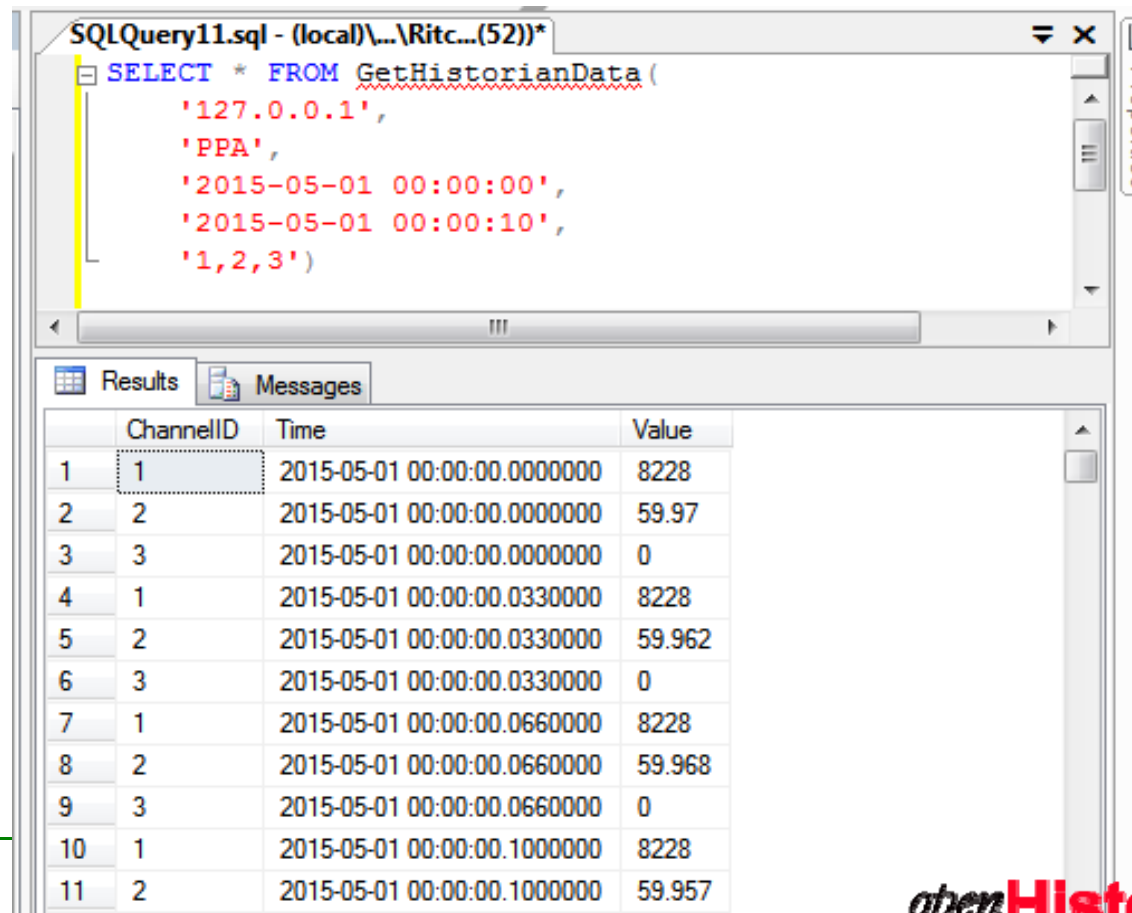
```
WriteHistorianData("127.0.0.1", "PPA", measurements)
```

// API:

```
void WriteHistorianData(  
    string historianServer,  
    string instanceName,  
    IEnumerable<HistorianMeasurement> measurements)
```

openHistorian SQL Server Integration

- Can query trending data from within SQL Server using SQL CLR adapter:



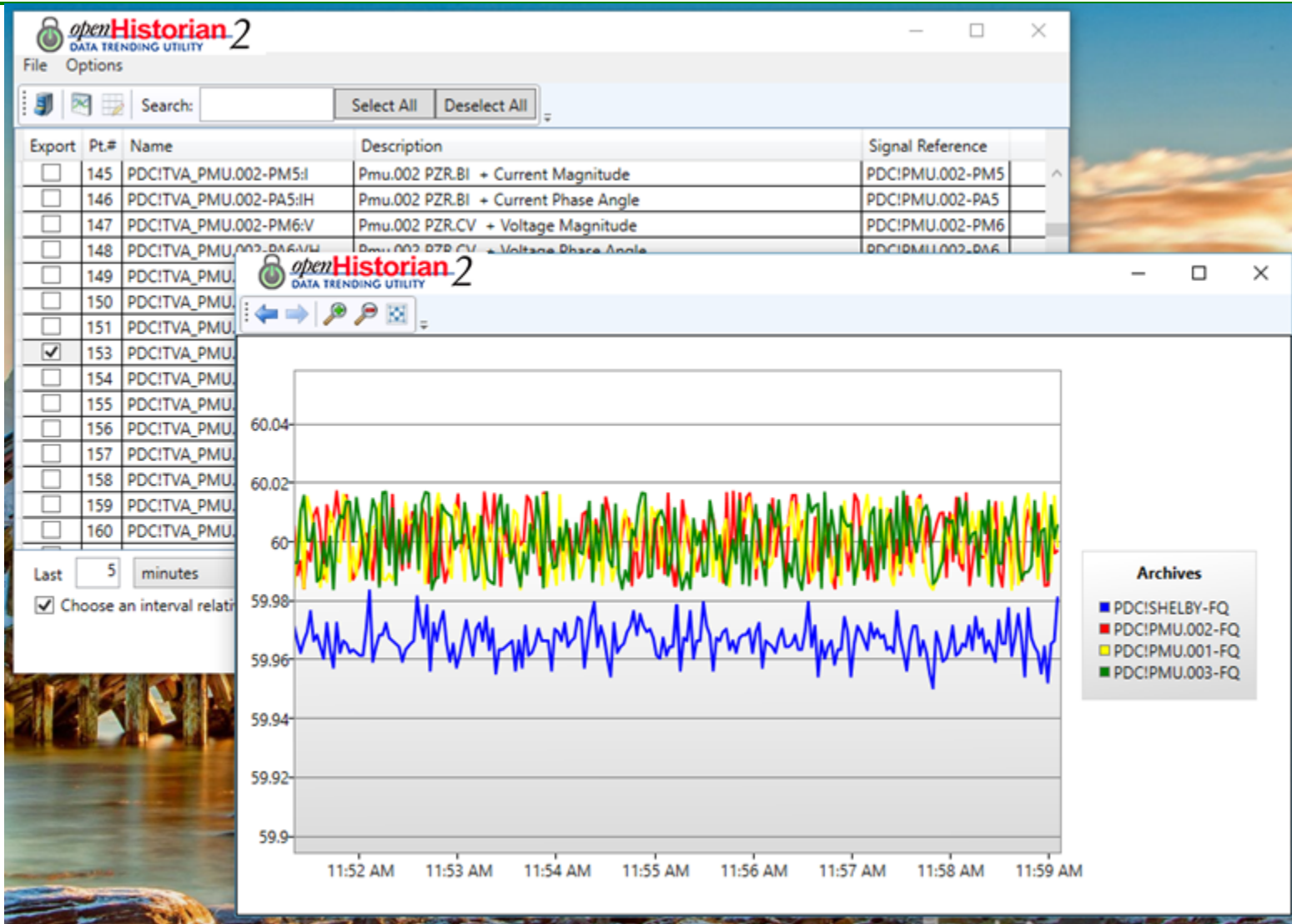
The screenshot shows a SQL Server query window with the following SQL code:

```
SELECT * FROM GetHistorianData (
    '127.0.0.1',
    'PPA',
    '2015-05-01 00:00:00',
    '2015-05-01 00:00:10',
    '1,2,3')
```

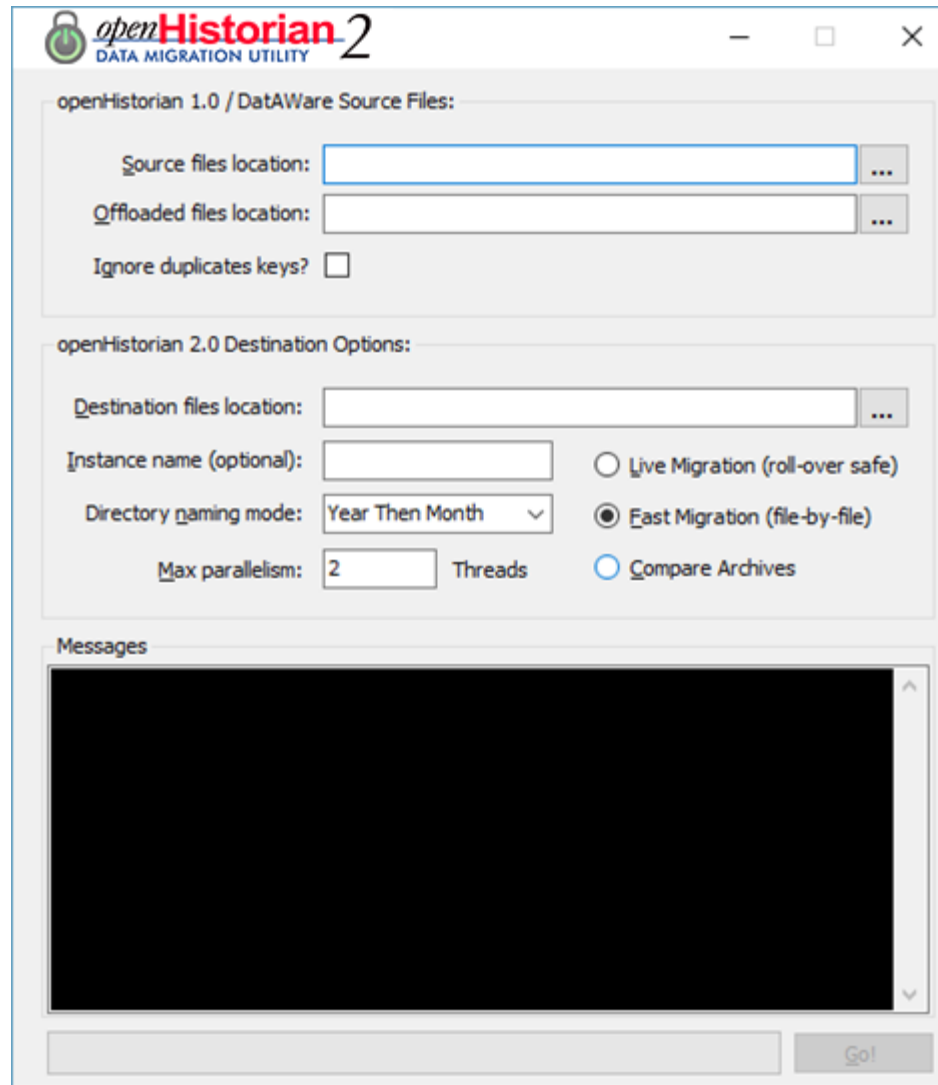
The results pane displays a table with the following data:

	ChannelID	Time	Value
1	1	2015-05-01 00:00:00.0000000	8228
2	2	2015-05-01 00:00:00.0000000	59.97
3	3	2015-05-01 00:00:00.0000000	0
4	1	2015-05-01 00:00:00.0330000	8228
5	2	2015-05-01 00:00:00.0330000	59.962
6	3	2015-05-01 00:00:00.0330000	0
7	1	2015-05-01 00:00:00.0660000	8228
8	2	2015-05-01 00:00:00.0660000	59.968
9	3	2015-05-01 00:00:00.0660000	0
10	1	2015-05-01 00:00:00.1000000	8228
11	2	2015-05-01 00:00:00.1000000	59.957

Data Trending Utility



Data Migration Utility (1.0 to 2.0)



The screenshot shows the 'openHistorian 2 DATA MIGRATION UTILITY' window. It is divided into three main sections:

- openHistorian 1.0 / DatAWare Source Files:**
 - Source files location: [Text input field with browse button]
 - Offloaded files location: [Text input field with browse button]
 - Ignore duplicates keys?
- openHistorian 2.0 Destination Options:**
 - Destination files location: [Text input field with browse button]
 - Instance name (optional): [Text input field]
 - Directory naming mode: [Dropdown menu showing 'Year Then Month']
 - Max parallelism: [Text input field with '2' and 'Threads']
 - Migration options: Live Migration (roll-over safe), Fast Migration (file-by-file), Compare Archives
- Messages:** A large black rectangular area for displaying messages, with a scroll bar on the right.

At the bottom right of the window is a 'Go!' button.

Data Extraction Utility

The screenshot shows the 'openHistorian 2 DATA EXTRACTION UTILITY' window. It is divided into several sections:

- Server Settings:** Includes input fields for Server IP (127.0.0.1), Historian Port (38402), GEP Port (6175), and Historian Instance Name (PPA). A 'Get Metadata' button is located below these fields.
- CSV Options:** Includes input fields for Maximum File Size (MB) (10), Maximum Row Count (500000), Maximum Column Count (1024), and Maximum Files To Export (-1).
- Export Settings:** Includes date pickers for Start (08/05/2015 12:00:00 AM) and Stop (08/06/2015 12:00:00 AM), a Resolution dropdown (Full), and an 'Export' button. An 'Estimated Size:' label is present next to the export button.
- Point Selection:** Features a tabbed interface with 'Category', 'Device', 'Points', and 'Summary' tabs. The 'Points' tab is currently selected, showing an empty table area. Below the table is a 'Point Count:' label.
- Status:** A label at the bottom left of the window.

Synchrophasor Visualization

<http://www.gridprotectionalliance.org/Products/openHistorian/Media/Demos/>